## CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

#### SENATE BILL 6570

# 56th Legislature 2000 Regular Session

Passed by the Senate March 7, 2000 YEAS 43 NAYS 0

President of the Senate

Passed by the House February 29, 2000 YEAS 97 NAYS 0

#### CERTIFICATE

I, Tony M. Cook, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SENATE BILL 6570** as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.

Speaker of the
House of Representatives

Secretary

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Approved FILED

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#### SENATE BILL 6570

## AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

Passed Legislature - 2000 Regular Session

State of Washington 56th Legislature 2000 Regular Session

By Senators Hargrove, Costa and Long

Read first time 01/19/2000. Referred to Committee on Human Services & Corrections.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to judicial authority in truancy petitions; and
- 2 amending RCW 28A.225.090.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 28A.225.090 and 1999 c 319 s 4 are each amended to 5 read as follows:
- 6 (1) A court may order a child subject to a petition under RCW 7 28A.225.035 to do one or more of the following:
- 8 (a) Attend the child's current school, and set forth minimum 9 attendance requirements, including suspensions;
- 10 (b) If there is space available and the program can provide 11 educational services appropriate for the child, order the child to
- 12 attend another public school, an alternative education program, center,
- 13 a skill center, dropout prevention program, or another public
- 14 educational program;
- 15 (c) Attend a private nonsectarian school or program including an
- 16 education center. Before ordering a child to attend an approved or
- 17 certified private nonsectarian school or program, the court shall: (i)
- 18 Consider the public and private programs available; (ii) find that
- 19 placement is in the best interest of the child; and (iii) find that the

private school or program is willing to accept the child and will not charge any fees in addition to those established by contract with the 2 student's school district. If the court orders the child to enroll in 3 4 a private school or program, the child's school district shall contract 5 with the school or program to provide educational services for the The school district shall not be required to contract for a 6 7 weekly rate that exceeds the state general apportionment dollars 8 calculated on a weekly basis generated by the child and received by the 9 district. A school district shall not be required to enter into a 10 contract that is longer than the remainder of the school year. school district shall not be required to enter into or continue a 11 contract if the child is no longer enrolled in the district; 12

- (d) Be referred to a community truancy board, if available; or
- (e) Submit to testing for the use of controlled substances or alcohol based on a determination that such testing is appropriate to the circumstances and behavior of the child and will facilitate the child's compliance with the mandatory attendance law and, if any test ordered under this subsection indicates the use of controlled substances or alcohol, order the minor to abstain from the unlawful consumption of controlled substances or alcohol and adhere to the recommendations of the drug assessment at no expense to the school.
- (2) If the child fails to comply with the court order, the court may order the child to be subject to detention, as provided in RCW 7.21.030(2)(e), or may impose alternatives to detention such as community service. Failure by a child to comply with an order issued under this subsection shall not be subject to detention for a period greater than that permitted pursuant to a civil contempt proceeding against a child under chapter 13.32A RCW.
- 29 (3) Any parent violating any of the provisions of either RCW 30 28A.225.010, 28A.225.015, or 28A.225.080 shall be fined not more than 31 twenty-five dollars for each day of unexcused absence from school. It shall be a defense for a parent charged with violating RCW 28A.225.010 32 to show that he or she exercised reasonable diligence in attempting to 33 34 cause a child in his or her custody to attend school or that the child's school did not perform its duties as required in RCW 35 28A.225.020. The court may order the parent to provide community 36 37 service instead of imposing a fine. Any fine imposed pursuant to this section may be suspended upon the condition that a parent charged with 38 39 violating RCW 28A.225.010 shall participate with the school and the

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child in a supervised plan for the child's attendance at school or upon condition that the parent attend a conference or conferences scheduled by a school for the purpose of analyzing the causes of a child's absence.

5 (4) If a child continues to be truant after entering into a courtapproved order with the truancy board under RCW 28A.225.035, the 6 juvenile court shall find the child in contempt, and the court may 7 8 order the child to be subject to detention, as provided in RCW 9 7.21.030(2)(e), or may impose alternatives to detention such as meaningful community service. Failure by a child to comply with an 10 order issued under this subsection may not subject a child to detention 11 for a period greater than that permitted under a civil contempt 12 proceeding against a child under chapter 13.32A RCW. 13

14 (5) Subsections (1), (2), and (4) of this section shall not apply 15 to a six or seven year-old child required to attend public school under 16 RCW 28A.225.015.

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